UN-HABITAT Induction Seminar on
1 October 2010
UN-HABITAT’s mission and vision

Sustainable urban development
Adequate shelter for all

1976 – Habitat I meeting in Vancouver

1978 - United Nations Center for Human Settlements (UNCHS) established

1996 – The Habitat Agenda – Habitat II conference in Istanbul, Turkey

2000 – Millennium Declaration – Millennium Development Goals targets on slum dwellers, access to water and sanitation

2002 – Center upgraded to the United Nations Human Settlements Programme
Resources

Sources of funding
Top ten donor countries give 68% of funding
Regular budget 7%

Type of funding
General purpose funds (20 %)
Earmarked funds (80 %)
Special funds e.g. Water and Sanitation Trust Fund, Slum Upgrading Facility, Programme for the Palestinian People, etc.
Technical cooperation at country level and Special Programmes e.g. Lake Victoria Programme, Safer Cities Programme, Global Land Tool Network, etc.
Our partners

- Governments
- Local authorities and their associations
- Inter-governmental organizations
- Civil society
- Private sector
- Research and professional institutions
Medium-Term Strategic and Institutional Plan (MTSIP)

• In 2005 UN-HABITAT was requested to prepare a 6-year medium-term strategic and institutional plan (MTSIP). In April 2007, the plan was approved for 2008 – 2013.

• 3-phased approach includes a kick-start phase for 2008, a roll-out phase for 2009-2010, and going-to-scale for 2011 – 2013.

• The MTSIP Action Plan 2008-2013 is now being updated by developing an MTSIP Roadmap 2010-2013. The Roadmap will define targets, allocation of roles, responsibilities and timelines.
## UN-HABITAT MTSIP

### MTSIP Focus Areas

| Focus Area 1. Advocacy, monitoring & partnerships | A global campaign on sustainable urbanisation to mobilize all Habitat Agenda partners to mainstream the urban agenda |
| Focus Area 2. Participatory urban planning, management & governance | Reinventing urban planning and linking planning with investment programming |
| Focus Area 3. Pro-poor land and housing | Effective land use as a key means of promoting urban sustainability |
| Focus Area 4. Environmentally sound urban infrastructure & services | Mainstream mitigation and adaptation in infrastructure planning & basic services |
| Focus Area 5. Strengthening human settlements financing systems | Leveraging community-based efforts with micro-finance & banking for affordable housing finance |
| Focus Area 6. Excellence in management | Upgrading business practices for improved HR, RBM, transparency and accountability |
| Enhanced Normative and Operational Framework (ENOF) | Facilitate policy coordination and align resources for more effective impact at selected countries through more integrated programmes |