Results Framework of the Strategic Plan for 2014-2019: Overview

UN-Habitat Strategic Result

Environmentally, economically and socially sustainable and gender-sensitive urban development policies improve standard of living of urban dwellers

Strategic Result Indicators of Achievement

(a) Percentage of people living in slums, disaggregated by gender
(b) Percentage of people residing in urban areas with access to safe drinking water and adequate sanitation services, disaggregated by gender
(c) Number of local, regional and national authorities that have implemented urban policies supportive of local economic development and youth employment
(d) Number of cities and towns that have implemented sustainable urban plans and designs that respond to urban population growth adequately

Focus Area Strategic Results

1. Local authorities and national governments have established systems for improved access to land, have adopted enabling legislation, and have put in place effective decentralized governance that fosters equitable sustainable urban development

2. City and regional authorities have implemented policies, plans and designs for more compact, better integrated and connected cities

3. City and regional authorities have improved capacity to implement urban policies supportive of local economic development and enhanced municipal finance

4. City and regional authorities have implemented policies for increasing access to urban basic services and improving the standard of living

5. City and regional authorities have implemented policies for increasing access to adequate housing and improving the standard of living in existing slums

6. Cities are more resilient to the impacts of natural and human-made crises

7. Knowledge of sustainable urbanization issues and capacity enhanced at international, national and local levels in order to improve formulation and implementation of evidence based policies and programmes

Indicators of Achievement

(a) Number of local authorities and national governments that have established systems for improved access to land, adopted enabling legislation, and put in place effective decentralized governance

(a) Number of partner city and regional authorities that have implemented urban policies, plans and designs that apply principles and standards derived from best practices

(a) Number of partner city and regional authorities that have developed human and institutional capacity to implement urban policies supportive of local economic development and enhanced municipal finance

(a) Percentage coverage of urban basic services in partner cities, including safe drinking water, adequate sanitation, waste collection, energy and public transport

(a) Number of city and regional authorities that have implemented improved urban housing policies and programmes

(a) Number of partner countries and cities that have implemented and integrated risk reduction, mitigation and adaptation strategies and programming within their urban planning and management systems

(a) Number of national governments with policies and programmes based on research data and information

(b) Number of selected national and local governments and other partners able to formulate and implement evidence based policies and programmes