LOCATION - MALAWI
• Although Malawi has a low urbanisation level (20%), it has one of the highest urbanisation rates in Africa (5.3%)
• Urban growth in Malawi is synonymous with slum growth
• 67.7% of Malawi’s urban population live under slum conditions
• Slum conditions are characterised by poor access to basic services, social exclusion
## OUR COUNTRY TEAM MEMBERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Role</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Douglas Mkweta</td>
<td>MLGRD</td>
<td>National Coordinator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hilary Kamela</td>
<td>Lilongwe CC</td>
<td>Focal Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Costly Chanza</td>
<td>Blantyre CC</td>
<td>Focal Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alex Chirambo</td>
<td>Mzuzu CC</td>
<td>Focal Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fred Nankuyu</td>
<td>Zomba CC</td>
<td>Focal Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr Chikhwenda</td>
<td>UNIMA</td>
<td>Implementation Partner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lucky Kabanga</td>
<td>MZUNI</td>
<td>Implementation Partner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patrick Chikoti</td>
<td>CCODE</td>
<td>Implementation Partner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Chome</td>
<td>UNHABITAT</td>
<td>Technical Advisor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
WHERE WE IMPLEMENT OUR PSUP

• Lilongwe City (Mtsiliza)
• Blantyre (Ntopwa and Misesa)
• Zomba (Chikanda and Chinamwali)
• Mzuzu (Salisbury line, Ching’ambo and Masasa)
WHERE WE IMPLEMENT OUR PSUP
What is the status of the PSUP implementation?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CITY</th>
<th>SITUATION ANALYSIS</th>
<th>POLICY REVIEW</th>
<th>CITY WIDE SLUM UPGRADING STRATEGY</th>
<th>PILOT SLUM UPGRADING PROJECT PROPOSAL</th>
<th>RESOURCE MOBILISATION STRATEGY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Lilongwe, Blantyre, Mzuzu and Zomba | ▪ Slum overview done.  
▪ City Info. Done.  
▪ Slum info. Starting.  
▪ City mapping.  
▪ Detailed mapping awaiting satellite images  
▪ Undertaking stakeholder analysis.  
▪ Analysis key components of slum upgrading e.g. land, financing, infrastructure etc | ▪ Review of policies relevant to slum upgrading done.  
▪ Urban policy to start being formulated soon. This work to feed into.  
▪ Housing policy still under scrutiny.  
▪ Currently working on policy review analysis, not yet completed the recommendations. | Not yet done | Not yet done | Not yet done |
Who are the main stakeholders

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMMUNITY</th>
<th>MINISTRY</th>
<th>CITY COUNCIL</th>
<th>QUASI/PRIVATE SECTOR</th>
<th>NGOS</th>
<th>ACADEMIA</th>
<th>DONORS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Informal settlements networks</td>
<td>MLGRD</td>
<td>Lilongwe</td>
<td>ESCOM</td>
<td>CCODE</td>
<td>University of Malawi</td>
<td>World Bank (Cities Alliance)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Development Committees</td>
<td>MLHUD</td>
<td>Blantyre</td>
<td>Blantyre Water Board</td>
<td>CICOD</td>
<td>Mzuzu University</td>
<td>EU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zomba Action Project</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mzuzu</td>
<td>Lilongwe Water Board</td>
<td>Water for People</td>
<td></td>
<td>UNDP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MHPF</td>
<td></td>
<td>Zomba</td>
<td>Northern Region Water Board</td>
<td>Water Users Association</td>
<td></td>
<td>GIZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Southern Region Water Board</td>
<td>WaterAid</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Malawi Housing Corporation</td>
<td>Plan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>International</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Habitat for Humanity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What are your data findings on slum, city and national levels for the PSUP?

- Inadequate access to water and other facilities
- Poor quality of housing
- Inadequate access to sanitation facilities
- Access to road infrastructure
- Access to energy sources
- High rates of unemployment
- Environmental hazards
- Lack of tenure security
What challenges are we facing?

- Skeptical communities (over-researched with no tangible results).
- Satellite images.
- Suspicious of City Council and other stakeholder actions.
- Late disbursement of funding to implementing partners.
- Lack of Councillors.
- Due to time constraint certain participatory processes have been overlooked.
How can we overcome the challenges?

- Community participation.
- Effective communication strategy.
- Suspicious of City Council and other stakeholders actions.
- Timely disbursement of funding to implementing partners.
- Use of other existing community structures such as community development committees and chiefs.
- Satellite images – working with suppliers to supply soonest.
- Plan implementation and time management.
What do we want to achieve with this regional workshop?

- Learning and sharing from others the approaches undertaken by other countries and how they overcame challenges encountered.
- Increased participation and involvement of slum dwellers org. and communities.
- Capturing of missing data (information) from communities
  - Methodologies used in data capture
  - Data analysis
What do we want to achieve with this regional workshop?

• Establish a platform for networking with the other countries participating in the exercise.

• Mechanisms to put in place to prevent further slum growth.
Any message or question to other PSUP country teams?

- Level of detail of tools for capturing data (attribute and spatial).
- Do PSUP country teams find the PSUP document relevant in their situations.
- Settlement upgrading – whole or part.
- As country teams how are they enhancing coordination within respective countries.
- Malawi is starting the process of formulating its first ever national urban policy. Are there countries which have undergone this process?